2001 Users Group Conference



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Submerged Wakes in Littoral Regions







Project Overview



Turbulent Wakes from Submerged Vehicles Operating in Coastal Regions

Complex Phenomena Requiring Ultra-Large Scale Computations

Maneuvering Vehicles Generate Complex Wake Patterns

Hull and Appendage Vortex Structures Propulsor Wakes
Very Complex Geometry, Dominant Flow Physics is Localized

Vehicle Wakes Interact with Difficult Coastal Environment

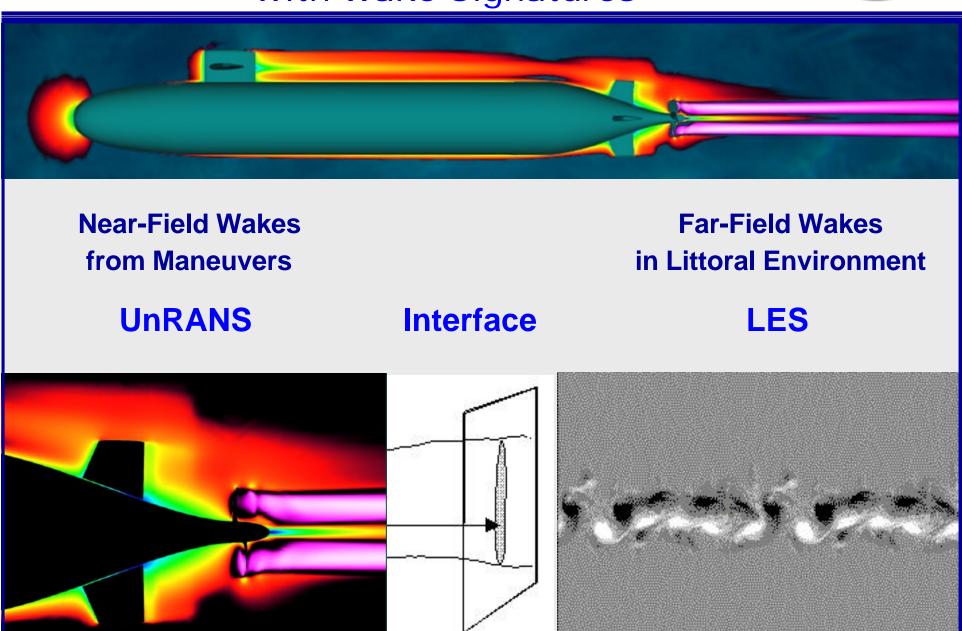
Shallow Water Stratification Wave Motion Shear Currents
Simple Geometry, Very Complex Turbulence Physics

UnRANS Predictions for Vehicle Maneuvering

LES Simulations for Far-Field Wake Structures

Interactions of Vehicle Motion with Wake Signatures

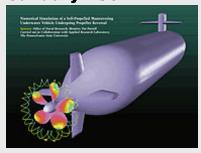




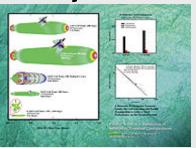
Background: Previous Challenge Project on Submarine Maneuvering



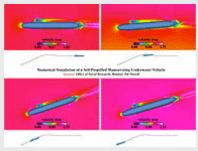
January 1997



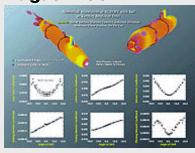
February 1997



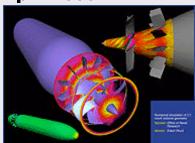
March 1997



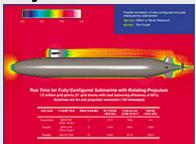
August 1997



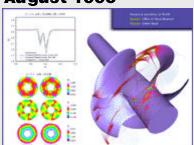
April 1998



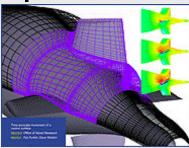
May 1998



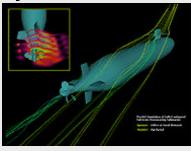
August 1998



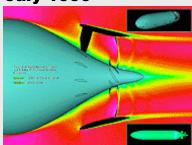
September 1998



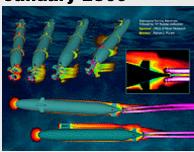
April 1999



July 1999



January 2000

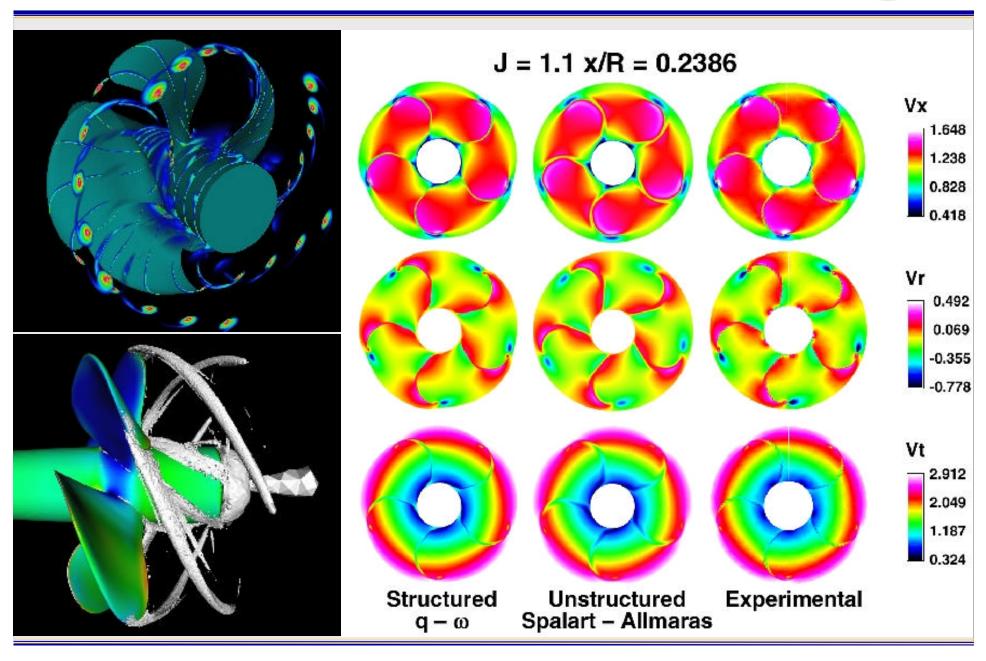


April 2000



Detailed Validation of Propeller Vortices

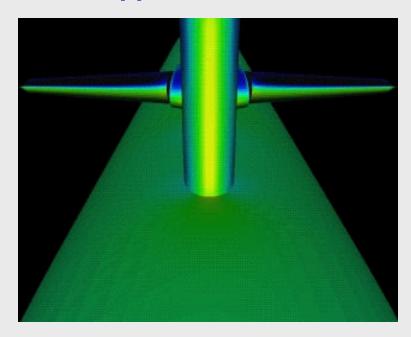


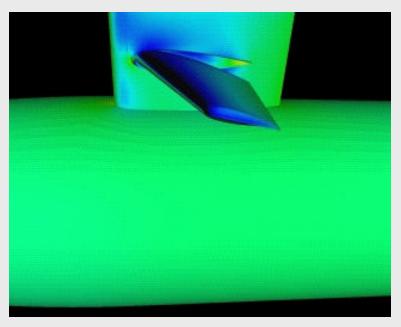


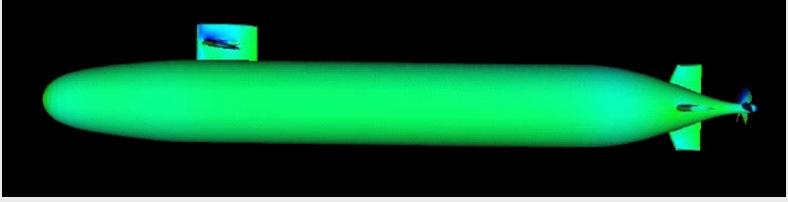
Sailplane-Induced Rising Maneuver



Appended SUBOFF Hull with Sailplane Pedestals



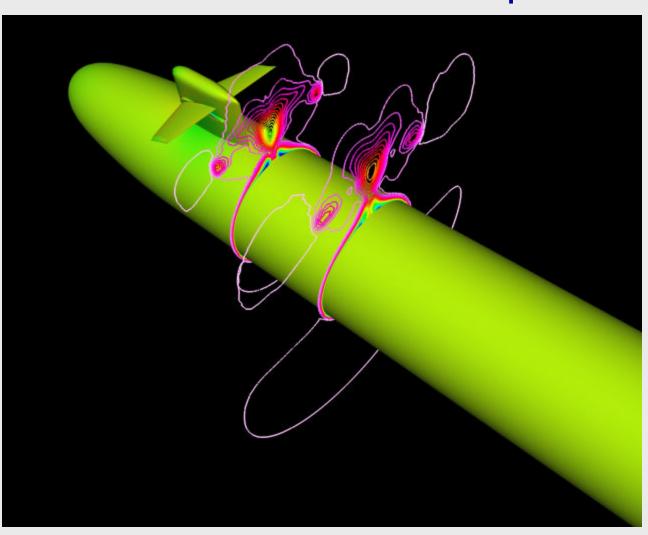




Sailplane-Induced Rising Maneuver



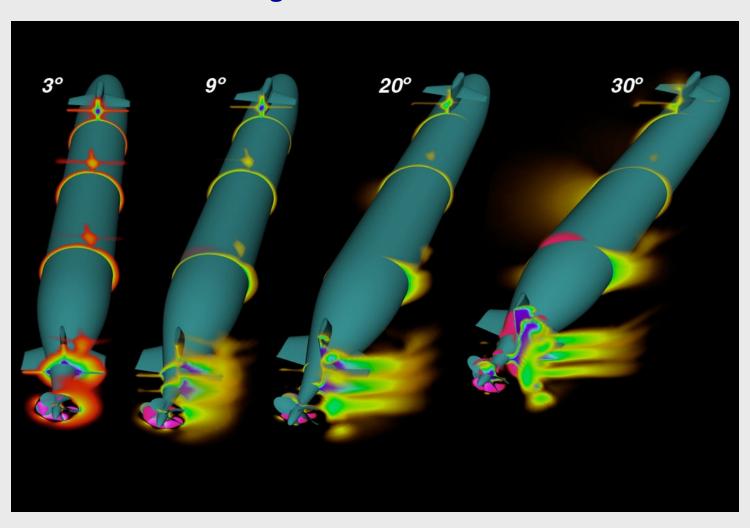
Vortex Wakes Behind Deflected Sailplanes



Rudder-Induced Maneuver (Stern View)



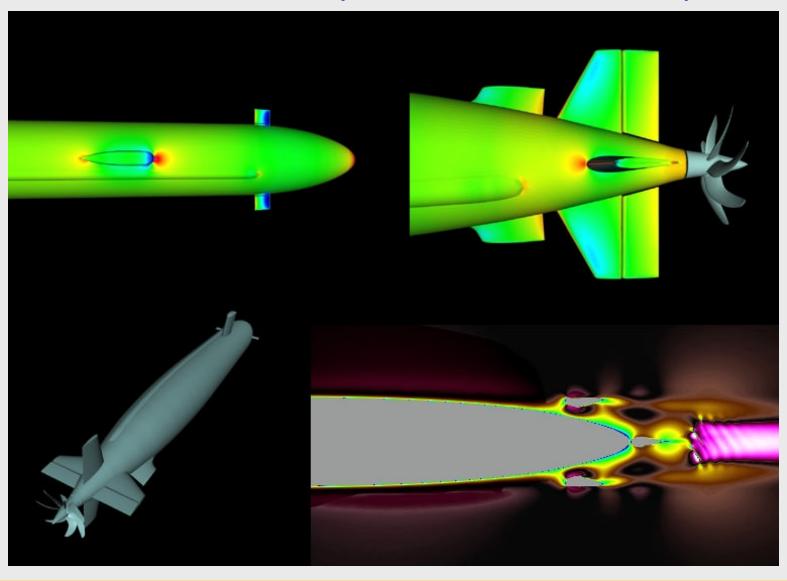
10 Deg. Rudder Deflection



Full-Scale Simulation: Re = 10⁹



Unstructured Grid (Y⁺ < 1 at All Surface Points)



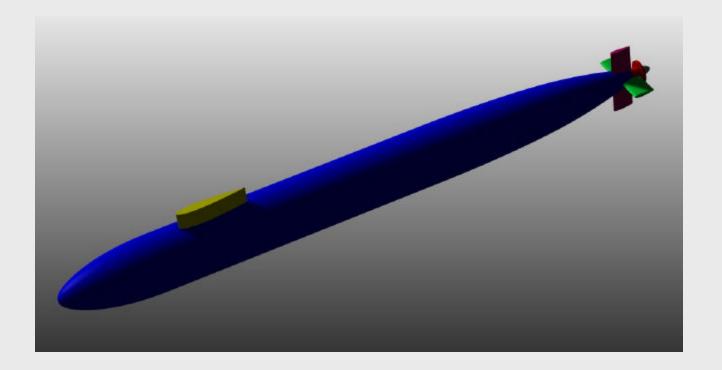


FY01 Progress

ONR Validation Experiments Using Radio-Controlled Model



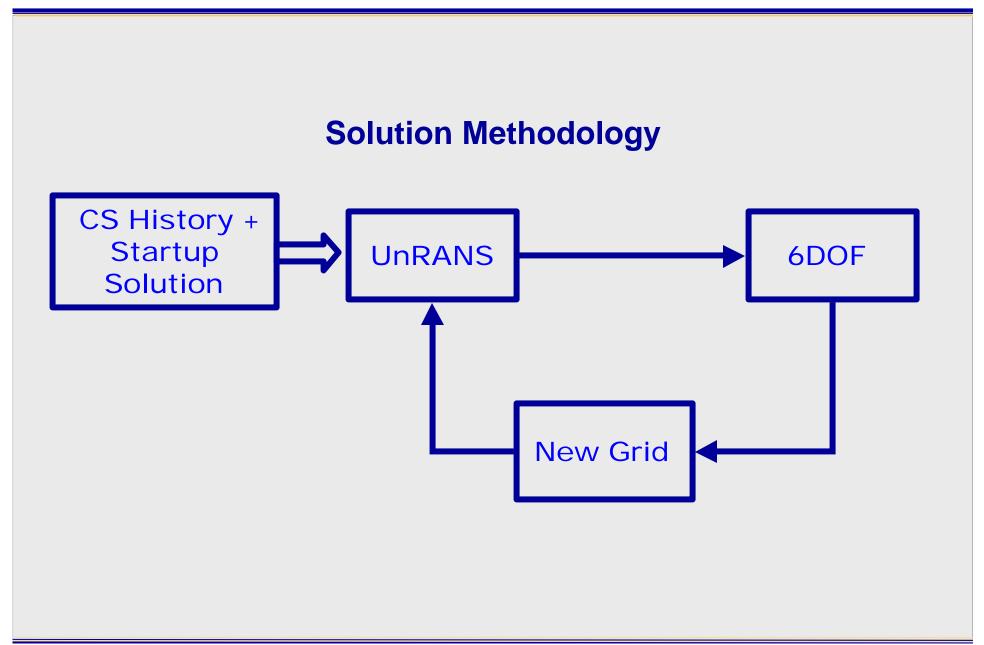
- MODEL GEOMETRY CAREFULLY MEASURED
- HIGH-RESOLUTION CONTROL SEQUENCES



- VARIETY OF MANEUVERS EXECUTED
- EXTREMELY GOOD REPEATABILITY

UnRANS: Maneuvering Simulations

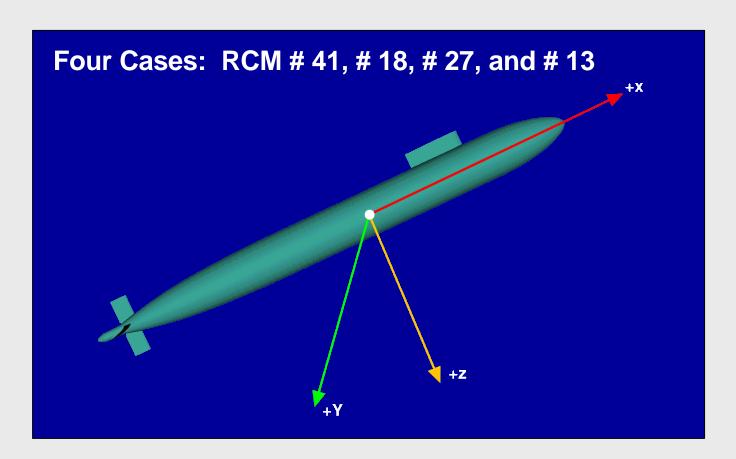




UnRANS Maneuvering: Reference Frames



Forces, Moments, Velocities: Relative to Body Displacements: Relative to Inertial Frame

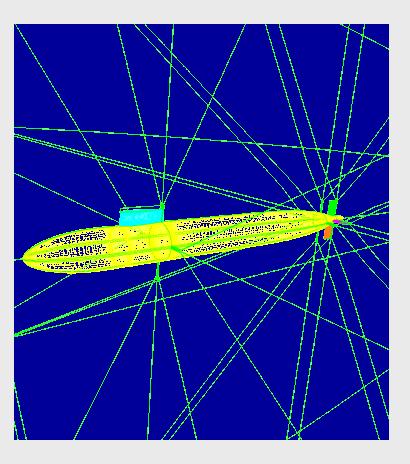


Vary Dt, Iterations, k-e vs. q-w, Initialization, Smoothed C.S. Motion

UnRANS: Maneuvering Simulations



Computational Details

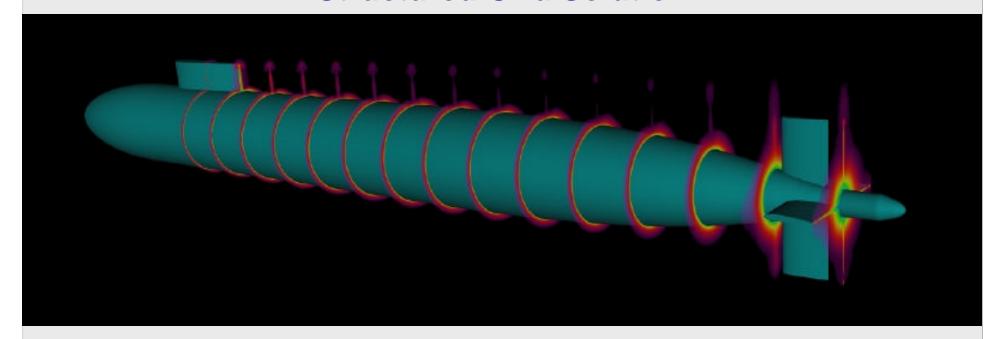


- ☐ 6 Million Grid Points, 57 Blocks
- □ Sublayer Resolution: Y+ < 1</p>
- **☐** Body Force Propulsor Model
- ☐ Startup Solution: 6550 Cycles
- ☐ Time Step of 0.004 Sec. (Physical)
- □ Simulation Speed:0.25 Physical Sec.per Runtime Hr.on 57 SP-3 Processors

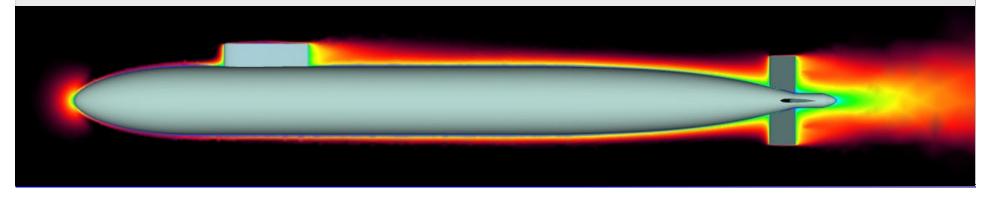
RCM Start-Up Solutions



Structured Grid Solution



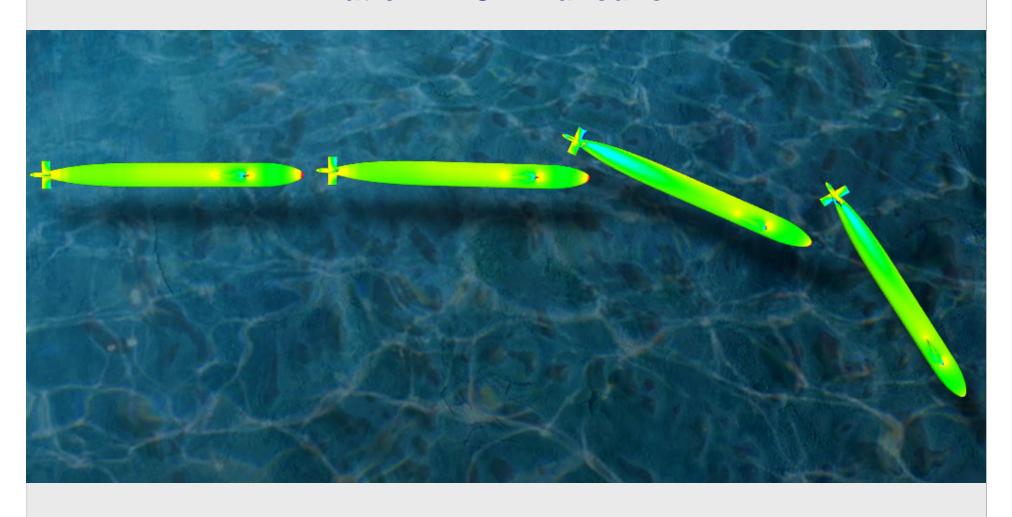
Unstructured Grid Solution



RCM Maneuvering Simulation



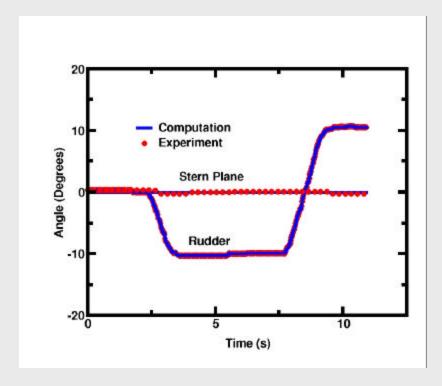
Animation: RCM Maneuver # 41



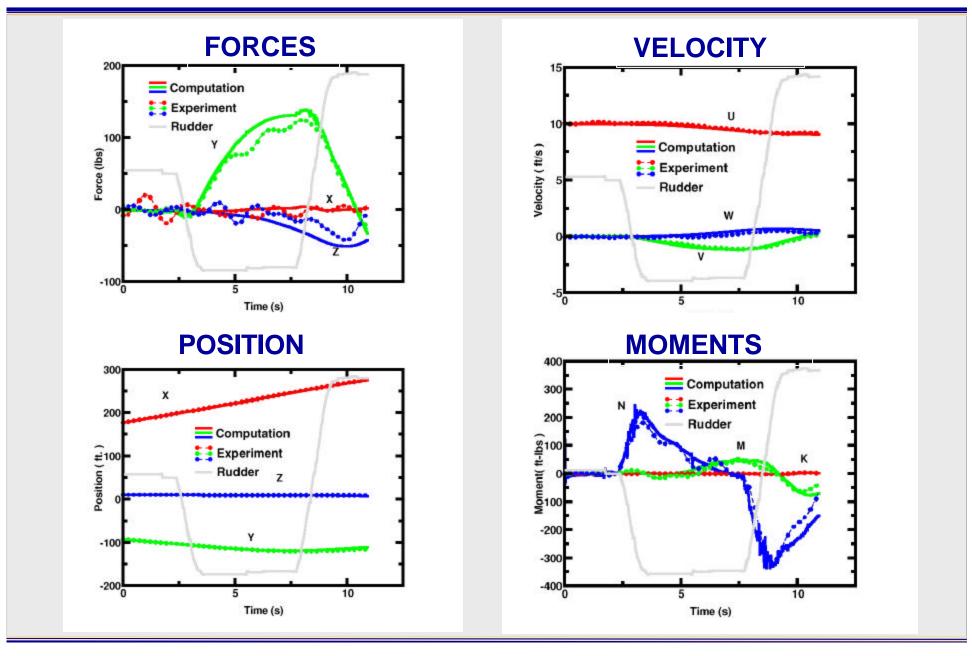


- ☐ Horizontal Overshoot (HOVR)
- ☐ EYA of 30 degrees
- **☐** Rudder Deflection of -10.0 degrees
- ☐ 10.9 Second Maneuver at 10 ft/sec

Control Surface Motion



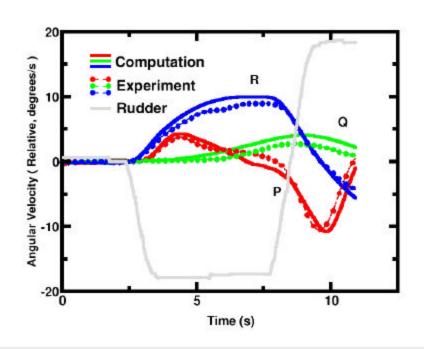


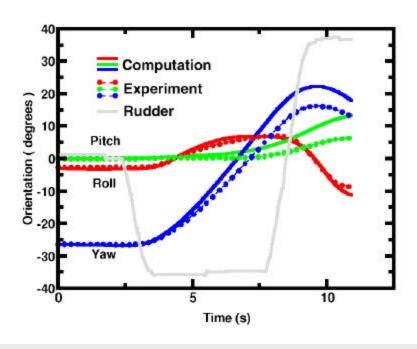




ANGULAR RATES

ORIENTATION

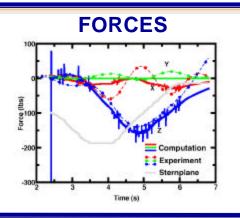


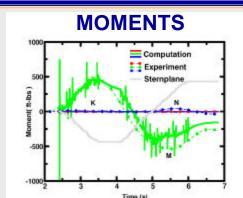






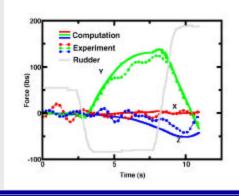
Vertical Overshoot +/- 25 Deg. Sternplane

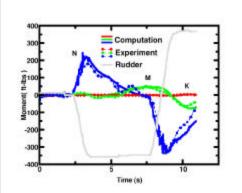




RCM #27

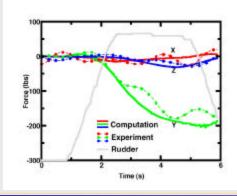
Horizontal Overshoot +/- 10 Deg. Rudder

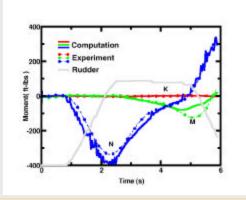




RCM #18

Horizontal Overshoot +/- 21 Deg. Rudder





UnRANS: Analysis and Future Work



- **□** Accuracy of Forces & Moments
 - **☐** Grid Resolution
 - **☐** Turbulence Model
 - **□** Unsteadiness Effects
- **☐** Grid Refinement
- **□** RCM with Propulsor
- Sensitivity Analysis

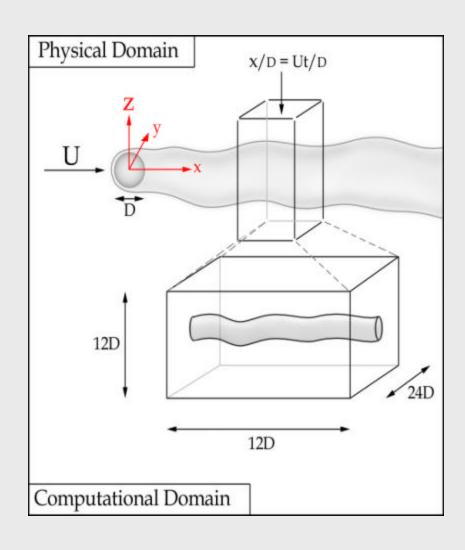
LES: Wake Simulations



- Initial focus: Unsteady structure of the turbulent wake
 - Unstratified vs. stratified
 - Towed vs. self-propelled
 - Laboratory and near-full-scale Re
 - Pancake eddy formation
 - Vertical fluctuations radiate away as internal waves
 - Turbulent production becomes asymmetrical
 - Elliptical vortex distribution develops instability
- Goal: Radiation of internal waves by the turbulent wake and displacement effects in the littoral zone

LES: Formulation

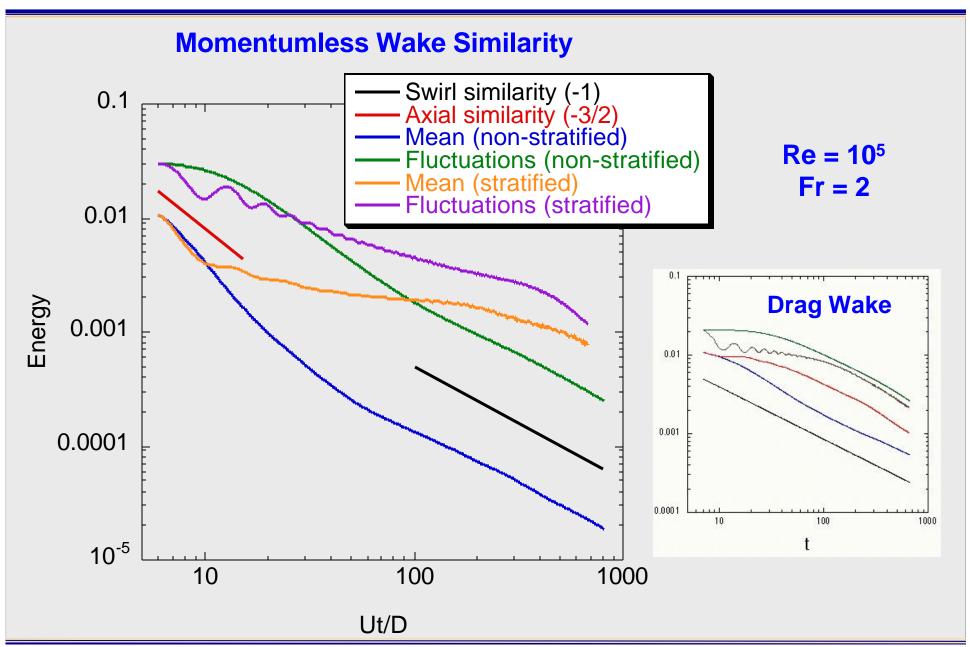




- Relate spatial evolution of physical wake to temporal evolution of computational wake.
- No attempt to directly model the flow around the sphere.
- Use mixed model of Bardina, et al. (1984) for subgrid-scale stress tensor.
- Grid resolution:
 - 256 x 512 x 257 (12Dx24Dx12D)
- Numerical details:
 - FDM, HPF, T3E(128 nodes)

LES: Wake Simulations





Vertical Vorticity in a Drag Wake

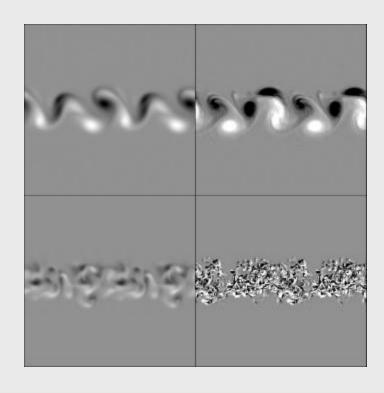


Stratified, Re=5290,Fr=2

Stratified, Re=10⁵,Fr=2

Non-stratified, Re=5290, Fr=8

Non-stratified, Re =10⁵,Fr=2



Vertical Vorticity in a Momentumless Wake





Non-Stratified Stratified, F=2.04 **12D** -12D

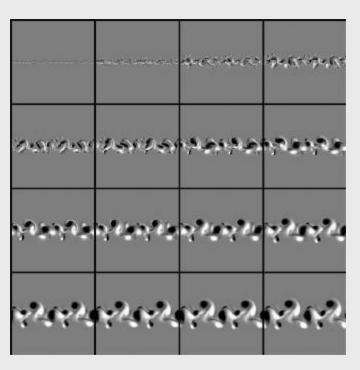
Animation of Vertical Vorticity Component



$$Re = 10^5, Fr = 2$$

Drag Wake

Momentumless Wake



Each Frame Represents a Different Distance Downstream of the Body

(b)

LES: Conclusions



Drag Wake

 Coherent "pancake eddies" form without the presence of similarly-sized structures in the near field

Momentumless Wake

- Evolution of mean axial velocity is highly dependent on propeller swirl
 - Swirl acts to stabilize axial velocity
- Effects of stratification are more dramatic than for drag wake
- Similar pancake structures, but:
 - More small-scale structure
 - More chaotic

Project Conclusions



Maneuvering Simulations (UnRANS)

Validation of Maneuvering Prediction Capability

Forces, Moments, Velocities, Trajectory, Angular Rates, Orientation Very Encouraging Agreement with Experiment, Without Propulsor

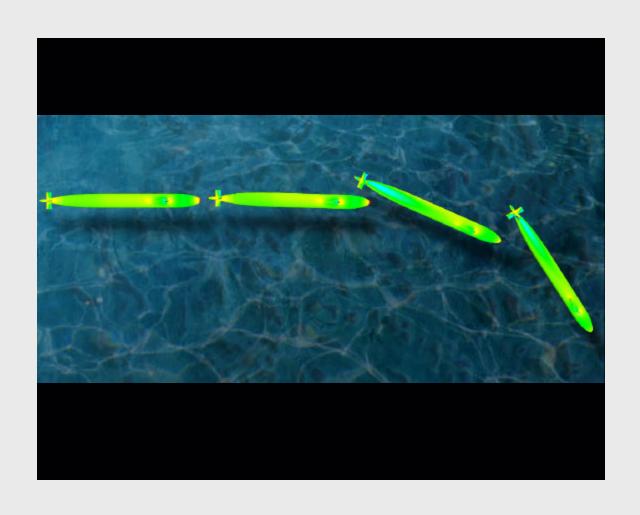
Far-Field Wake Simulations (LES)

Complex Far-Field Wake Structure and Properties

Drag Wake of Sphere, Momentumless Wake of Submarine
Coherent Structures, Stratification, Wake Decay Properties
Very Encouraging Agreement Agreement with Laboratory Data

Animation of Submarine Maneuver





Animation of Momentumless Wakes



WAKES MOVIE

$$F = 2$$

Re = 10^5

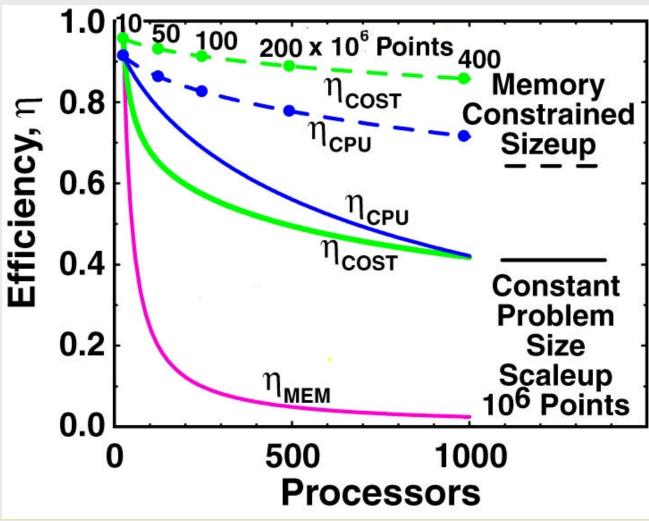
$$F = 8$$

Re = 10^5

Semi-Empirical Parallel Performance Model



CPU, Cost, and Memory Efficiencies for Typical Current-Generation Values of Processor Speed and MPI Bandwidth





THE END

